XXIInd European Days of State Territorial Representatives

AERTE Survey 2015

What training?

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1. Conclusions on the survey results

- Learning through experience is important for a STR in most of the countries
- ■There is a common background in most of the cases:
 - University degree (Law, Economics, Political Science, Public Administration Science, etc)
 - Civil servant status
 - Political designation (professional designation: 7 cases)



- ■As senior civil servants, STRs have access to training in public institutions:
 - ✓ Training is <u>optional</u>: just in 5 countries (Finland, France, Hungary, Italy, in some cases, and Turkey) is mandatory
 - ✓ Training is <u>general</u>: just 6 countries have specific training for STRs (France, Hungary, Italy, Morocco, Norwey and Turkey)
 - ✓Only in 5 countries (France, Hungary, Italy, Morocco and Turkey) there is a training institution for STRs



Areas of training:

- ✓ General topics: Leadership, Economy, European Union, Legislation, Public Administration, Good Governance, Languages, etc
- ✓ Specific topics for STRs (only in 6 countries): Security and Public Order, Defense, Environment, Civil Protection, Crisis Management



Satisfaction with the training offer:

- ✓ High level of satisfaction with the training offer
- ✓ Some complains: lack of specific training, rarely proposed and centralized in one place





In conclusion:

- ✓ Learning through experience as an important asset for STRs
- ✓ As senior civil servants, STRs have a high degree of satisfaction with the training offer in general topics
- ✓ But, in general, there is a lack of specific topics, those related to their tasks and responsibilities, in the training offer for STRs





2. Spanish case: Delegates and Sub-delegates of Government



Territorial organization of the State:
17 Autonomous Communities and 50 provinces





Legal framework:

- Spanish Constitution, article 154 "A delegate appointed by the Government shall be responsible for the State administration in the territory of each Self-governing Community and shall coordinate it, when necessary, with the Community's own administration"
- ✓ Law 6/1997 of Organization and Functioning of the State General Administration
- √Royal Decree 1330/1997 on the integration of peripheral services and structures of the Delegations of Government



- □ Territorial representation of the State in the Autonomous Communities:
 - ✓ Delegates of Government: Autonomous Communities
 - √Sub-delegates of Government: provinces
- □ Functions:
 - ✓ Coordination of the State general services in the Autonomous Community
 - Representation of the Government in the regions



■ Main areas of responsibilities:

- **✓** Citizens security
- **✓ Civil Protection**
- ✓ Development, Industry and Energy
- **✓ Agriculture and Fishering**
- √ Health
- ✓ Education and Culture





Delegates of Government: 17, one Delegate in each Autonomous Community:

- ✓ No civil servants
- **✓** Political designation
- ✓ No access to specific training for the development of their duties



- Sub-delegates of Government: 44 (provinces and islands):
 - ✓ Senior civil servants
 - ✓ Political designation
 - ✓ Subordinate to the Delegates of Government
 - ✓ Access to general training in Public Administration matters (leadership, public management, human resources management, finances, etc)
 - ✓ No specific training for the development of their professionla duties





3. Other examples: México, Argentina and Brazil









■ México:



- √32 federal entities and the federal district of Ciudad de México
- ✓ A total of 2108 Federal Delegates:
 - Public employees
 - Direct designation
 - Compulsory institutional training
 - Specific training can be provided





■Argentina:



- ✓ 23 provinces and the autonomous city of Buenos Aires
- ✓ Territorial representatives in the province:
 - Political desgination
 - Civil servants status
 - Not specific training
 - They are integrated in the Federal Council of Civil Servants (COFEFUP), that can set up policies related to STRs, including training necessities







Brazil

- ✓ 26 Federal States and the Federal District of Brasilia
- ✓ It does not exist a model of STRs in the States, just elected Governors
- √The Federal State can provide traninig only for the

 State public employees





THANK YOU FOR YOUR KIND ATTENTION















